corticosterone methyloxidase deficiency

Corticosterone methyloxidase deficiency, also known as aldosterone synthase deficiency, is a disorder characterized by excessive amounts of sodium released in the urine (salt wasting), along with insufficient release of potassium in the urine, usually beginning in the first few weeks of life. This imbalance leads to low levels of sodium and high levels of potassium in the blood (hyponatremia and hyperkalemia, respectively). Individuals with corticosterone methyloxidase deficiency can also have high levels of acid in the blood (metabolic acidosis).

The hyponatremia, hyperkalemia, and metabolic acidosis associated with corticosterone methyloxidase deficiency can cause nausea, vomiting, dehydration, low blood pressure, extreme tiredness (fatigue), and muscle weakness. Affected infants often experience failure to thrive, which means they do not gain weight and grow at the expected rate. Severe cases of corticosterone methyloxidase deficiency can result in seizures and coma and can be life-threatening. However, affected individuals who survive infancy generally have a normal life expectancy, and the signs and symptoms of the disorder typically become milder or disappear by adulthood.

Frequency

Corticosterone methyloxidase deficiency is a rare disorder; its prevalence is unknown. Researchers have described two types of the condition: Type I is more common in the Amish population of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, while type II is more common in people of Iranian Jewish ancestry. The two types have similar signs and symptoms but can be distinguished by laboratory testing.

Genetic Changes

Mutations in the *CYP11B2* gene cause corticosterone methyloxidase deficiency. This gene provides instructions for making an enzyme called aldosterone synthase. The aldosterone synthase enzyme is found in the adrenal glands, which are located on top of the kidneys.

Aldosterone synthase helps produce a hormone called aldosterone. Aldosterone regulates blood pressure by maintaining proper salt and fluid levels in the body. The aldosterone synthase enzyme is involved in a series of three chemical reactions that produce aldosterone from other (precursor) molecules: the conversion of 11-deoxycorticosterone to corticosterone, the conversion of corticosterone to 18-hydroxycorticosterone, and the conversion of 18-hydroxycorticosterone to aldosterone.

The *CYP11B2* gene mutations that cause corticosterone methyloxidase deficiency lead to insufficient production of aldosterone, which impairs the kidneys' ability to reabsorb

salt (sodium chloride or NaCl) into the blood and release potassium in the urine. As a result, excessive amounts of salt in the form of charged atoms (ions) of sodium (Na⁺) and chlorine (Cl⁻) leave the body in the urine, while not enough potassium is released. The resulting imbalance of ions in the body underlies the signs and symptoms of corticosterone methyloxidase deficiency.

Inheritance Pattern

This condition is inherited in an autosomal recessive pattern, which means both copies of the gene in each cell have mutations. The parents of an individual with an autosomal recessive condition each carry one copy of the mutated gene, but they typically do not show signs and symptoms of the condition.

Other Names for This Condition

- 18-hydroxylase deficiency
- 18-oxidase deficiency
- aldosterone deficiency
- aldosterone deficiency due to deficiency of steroid 18-hydroxylase
- aldosterone deficiency due to deficiency of steroid 18-oxidase
- aldosterone synthase deficiency
- CMO deficiency
- congenital hypoaldosteronism
- corticosterone 18-monooxygenase deficiency
- corticosterone methyl oxidase deficiency
- familial hyperreninemic hypoaldosteronism
- steroid 18-hydroxylase deficiency
- steroid 18-oxidase deficiency
- Visser-Cost syndrome

Diagnosis & Management

These resources address the diagnosis or management of corticosterone methyloxidase deficiency:

- Genetic Testing Registry: Corticosterone methyloxidase type 1 deficiency https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/conditions/CN074214/
- Genetic Testing Registry: Corticosterone methyloxidase type 2 deficiency https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/conditions/C3463917/

- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Aldosterone https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003704.htm
- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Potassium Test https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003484.htm

These resources from MedlinePlus offer information about the diagnosis and management of various health conditions:

- Diagnostic Tests https://medlineplus.gov/diagnostictests.html
- Drug Therapy https://medlineplus.gov/drugtherapy.html
- Surgery and Rehabilitation https://medlineplus.gov/surgeryandrehabilitation.html
- Genetic Counseling https://medlineplus.gov/geneticcounseling.html
- Palliative Care https://medlineplus.gov/palliativecare.html

Additional Information & Resources

MedlinePlus

- Encyclopedia: Aldosterone https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003704.htm
- Encyclopedia: High Potassium Levels https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/001179.htm
- Encyclopedia: Hyponatremia https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/000394.htm
- Encyclopedia: Potassium Test https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003484.htm
- Health Topic: Adrenal Gland Disorders https://medlineplus.gov/adrenalglanddisorders.html
- Health Topic: Fluid and Electrolyte Balance https://medlineplus.gov/fluidandelectrolytebalance.html

Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

 Hypoaldosteronism https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/2874/hypoaldosteronism

Educational Resources

- Disease InfoSearch: Corticosterone methyloxidase type 1 deficiency http://www.diseaseinfosearch.org/Corticosterone+methyloxidase+type +1+deficiency/8101
- Jewish Genetic Disease Consortium: Corticosterone Methyloxidase Type II
 Deficiency
 http://www.jewishgeneticdiseases.org/diseases/corticosterone-methyloxidase-type-2-deficiency/
- MalaCards: corticosterone methyloxidase deficiency http://www.malacards.org/card/corticosterone_methyloxidase_deficiency
- Orphanet: Familial hypoaldosteronism http://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=427
- You and Your Hormones: Aldosterone http://www.yourhormones.info/hormones/aldosterone.aspx

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

 National Adrenal Diseases Foundation http://www.nadf.us/

Genetic Testing Registry

- Corticosterone methyloxidase type 1 deficiency https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/qtr/conditions/CN074214/
- Corticosterone methyloxidase type 2 deficiency https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/conditions/C3463917/

ClinicalTrials.gov

ClinicalTrials.gov
 https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22corticosterone+methyloxidase
 +deficiency%22+OR+%22Hypoaldosteronism%22

Scientific articles on PubMed

PubMed

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28corticosterone+methylo xidase+deficiency%29+OR+%28aldosterone+synthase+deficiency%29+OR+%28corticosterone+methyl+oxidase+deficiency%29%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+3600+days%22%5Bdp%5D

OMIM

- CORTICOSTERONE METHYLOXIDASE TYPE I DEFICIENCY http://omim.org/entry/203400
- CORTICOSTERONE METHYLOXIDASE TYPE II DEFICIENCY http://omim.org/entry/610600

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